



Integrated disruptive components for 2 μ m
fiber Lasers **ISLA**

2 μ m Sub-Picosecond Fiber Lasers

Advantages:



2 - microns wavelength offers

- eye-safety
- potentially higher pulse energy and average power in single mode fiber compared to 1 μm .
- better performance with a variety of materials due to higher absorption at 2 μm ; clear plastics, certain thin-films, Silicon processing

Polymer	Thickness (mm)	Wavelength (nm)	Absorption at Rt (%)
PMMA (acrylic) Transcolors	3.2	1540	10-13
PMMA (acrylic) Transcolors	3.2	1940	50-55
Polycarbonate Makrolon®	3	1540	10-12
Polycarbonate Makrolon®	3	1940	44-50
Polypropylene	1.2	1540	10
Polypropylene	1.2	1940	31

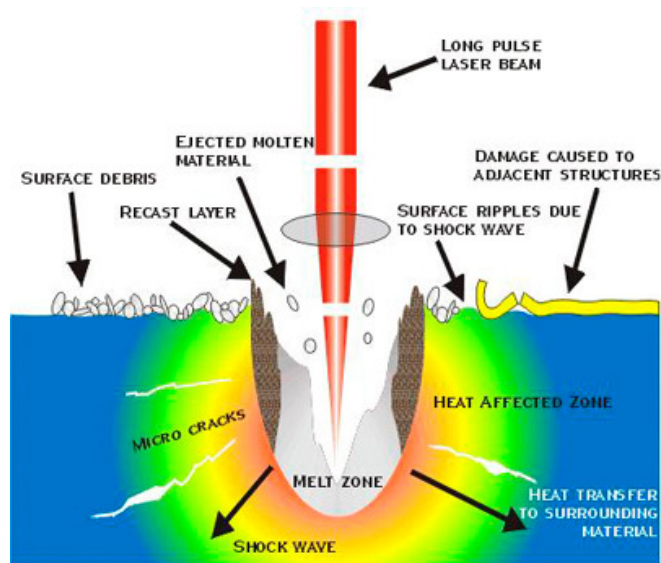
IPG photonics application note

Substantial process advantages compared to nanosecond pulses for micromachining

- smaller heat-affected zone (less than 1 micron typical)
- less micro-cracking
- less recast
- cutting through hard or brittle materials
- selectively removing mixed material layers
- substantially faster speed / productivity for precise processes
- higher quality \leftrightarrow higher speed \leftrightarrow (lower cost)

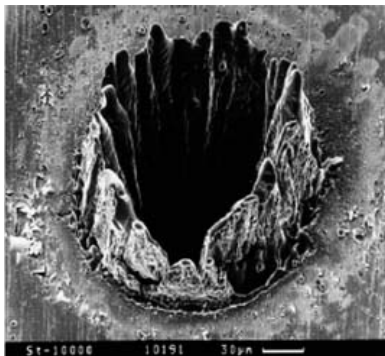


Advantages – Long pulses vs. Ultrafast pulses



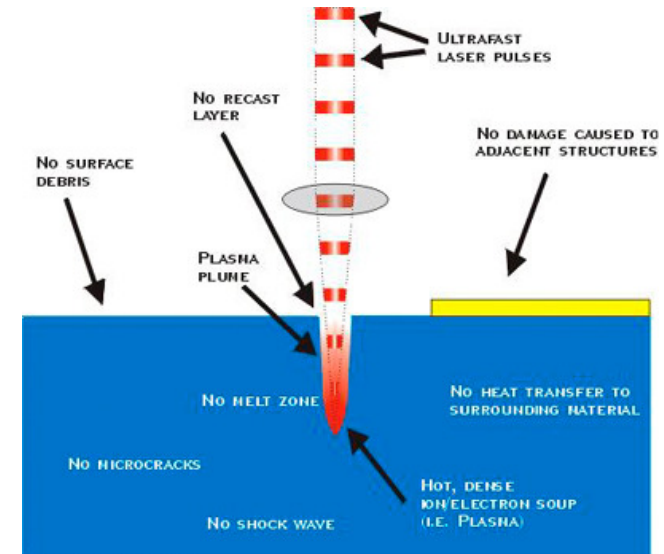
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Nanosecond



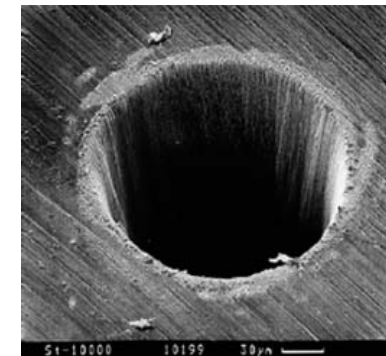
Chichkov et al, 1996

Oxford Laser C. Bansal; 2012



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Sub - Picosecond



Chichkov et al, 1996

Sub - ps Laser pulses increase quality of micro-ablation processes



Micromachining

- Micromachining of clear plastics,
- Certain thin-films
- Silicon processing

Spectroscopy, Metrology

- Seed sources
- Time-resolved (pump-probe) measurements
- Frequency combs
- SCG pumps (SCG for mid-IR)
- LIDAR sources
- Eye-safe remote sensing, standoff sensing

Sources for high-harmonic generation

- OPO, OPA seed and pump sources

Medical

- Ophthalmology
- Hair removal



Challenges:



- Mode locked Laser development
 - Self- starting of robust modelocking
 - Dispersion management
- Limited availability of 2 μm components \rightarrow ISLA project
 - Mode locking devices
 - Fibers
 - High brightness pump sources
 - Tap couplers, pump/signal combiners, circulators,...
 - AOM, pump diodes,...
- Diagnostics for ultrashort pulses is costly and limited available for 2 μm wavelength:
 - Optical spectrum analyzer
 - Autocorrelator
 - Beam profiler cameras



Commercially available systems:



2 Micron High Power Mode-Locked Fiber Laser (AP-ML2)

- Introduced at PW 2015
- Operating wavelength: $1.95 \pm 0.05 \mu\text{m}$
- Pulse width: 800 fs (with external pulse compressor)
- Max. pulse energy: $10 \mu\text{J}$
- Max. average power: 3 W
- Output polarization: Random
- Beam quality, M^2 : < 1.3



Proprietary multicomponent glass allows for high doping concentrations, short absorption lengths \rightarrow suppression of nonlinear effects.



Parameters	Units	TLA-1950-050
General Laser Parameters		
- Central Wavelength	nm	1950
- Wavelength Range	nm	1900-2000
- Tuning Step Size	nm	< 0.01
- Output Average Power	mW	1000
Pulse Train		
- Repetition Rate	MHz	10-120
- Pulse Width	ps	85 +/- 15 ps
Laser Pulse		
- Maximum Peak Power	W	1000
- Form Factor	M^2	< 1.2
- Polarization Extinction Ratio	dB	> 15



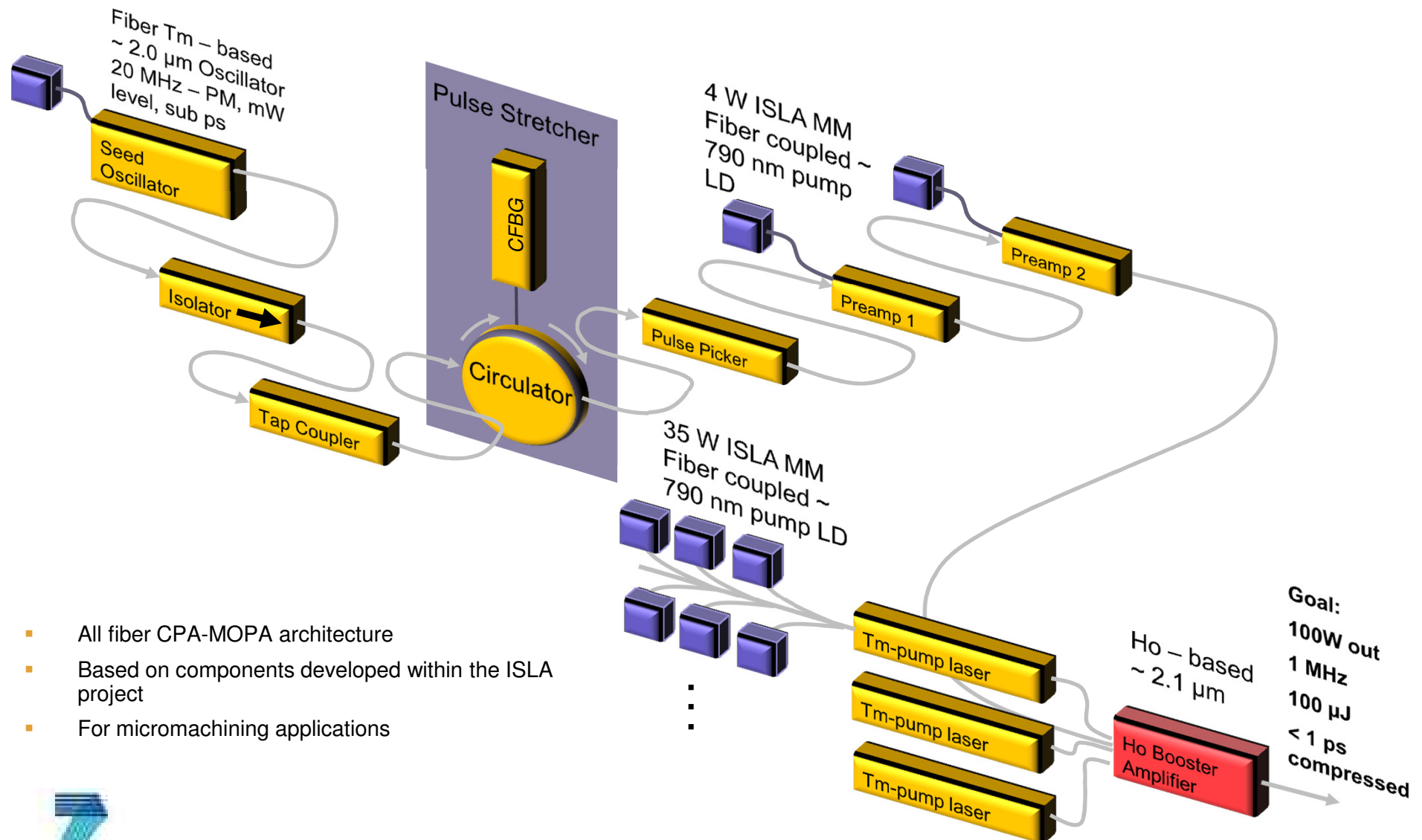
PolarOnyx Laser

2 Micron High Power Mode-Locked Fiber Laser (AP-ML2)

- Operating wavelength: 1950 nm – 2050 nm
- Pulse width: 150 fs - 500 fs (with external pulse compressor)
- Pulse energy: 16nJ
- Max. average power: 5W
- Output polarization: Random
- Beam quality, M^2 : < 1.3



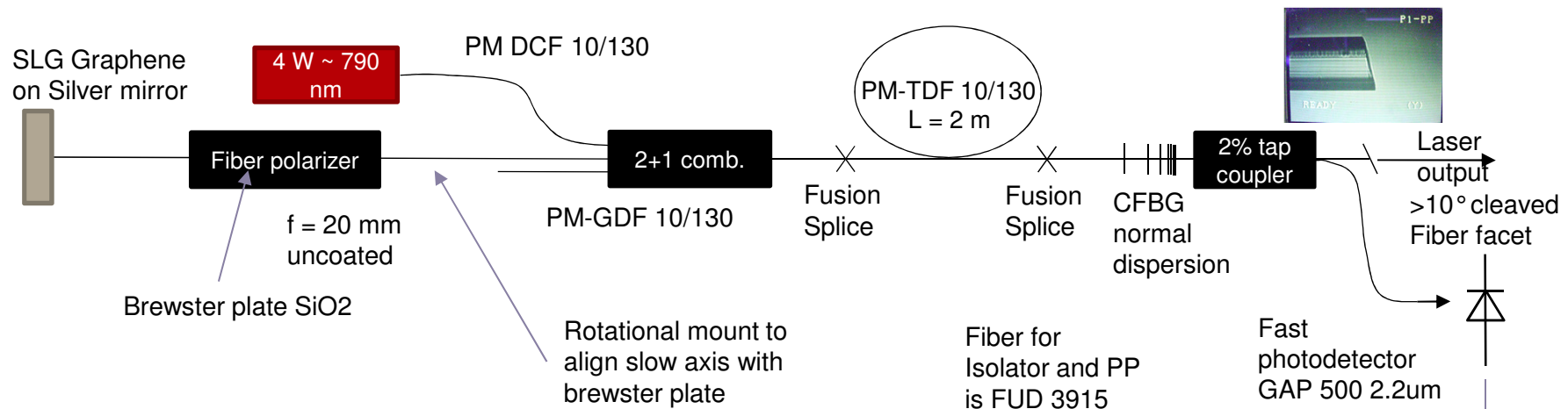
ISLA 2- μm sub-ps Tm - Ho Laser System



- All fiber CPA-MOPA architecture
- Based on components developed within the ISLA project
- For micromachining applications

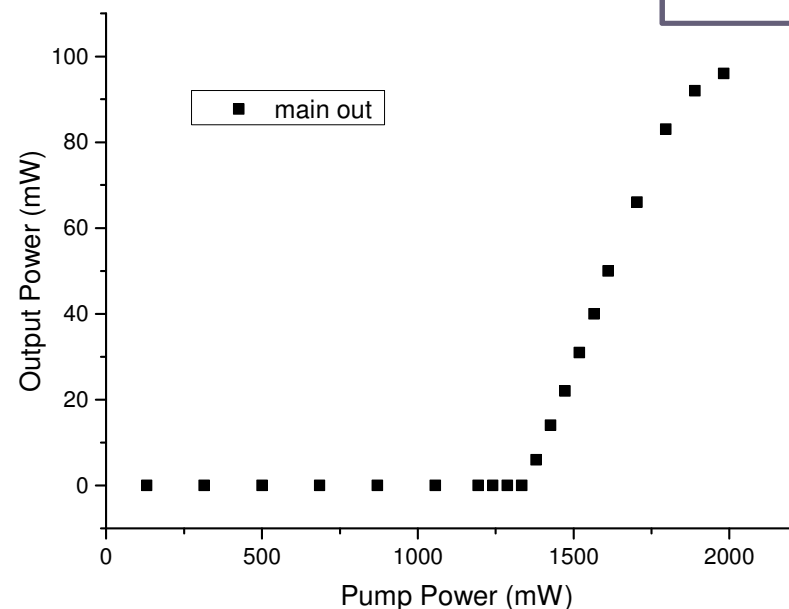


PM Seed Oscillator



- Linear cavity approach
- Cladding pumped
- 2080 nm emission wavelength
- In fiber Polarizer
- CFBG for dispersion compensation and output coupling
- Resonator length: ~ 5 m
- PRF: 20 MHz

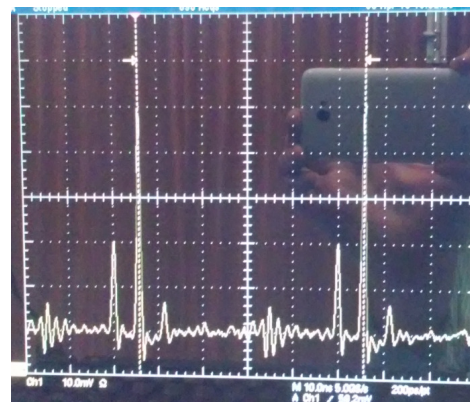
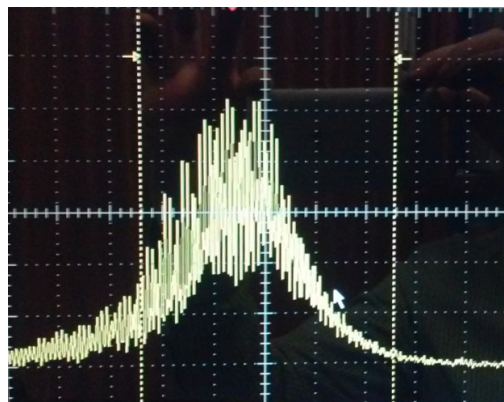
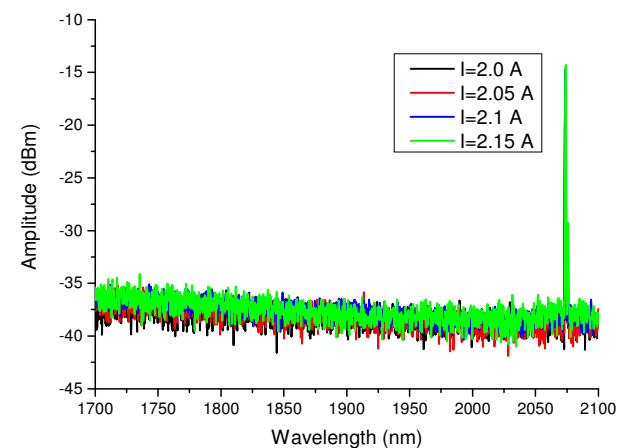
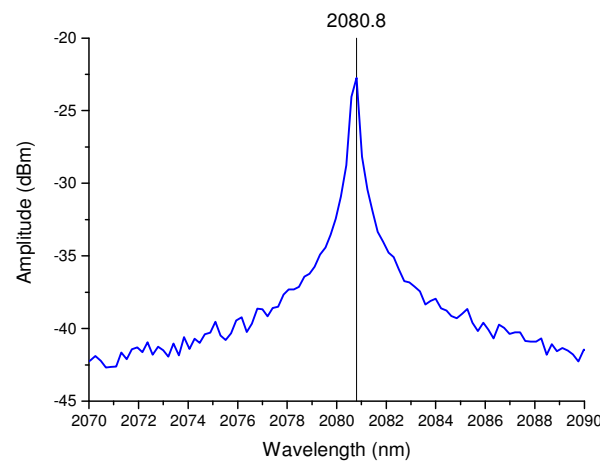
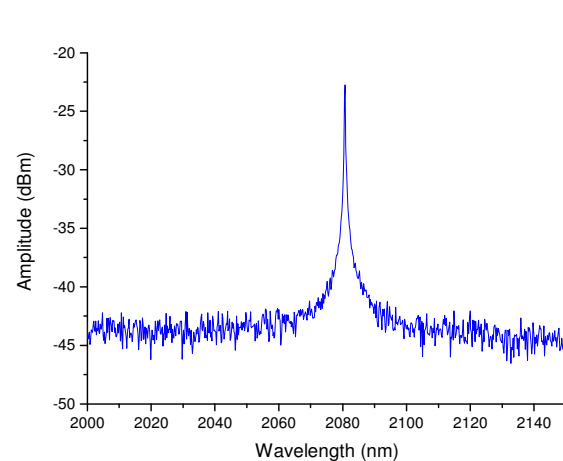
CW Output power



Demolaser III – cw Optical Spectrum Measurement



- Emission wavelength: 2081 nm
- No parasitic laser emission at shorter wavelength has been observed
- Stable linearly polarized output

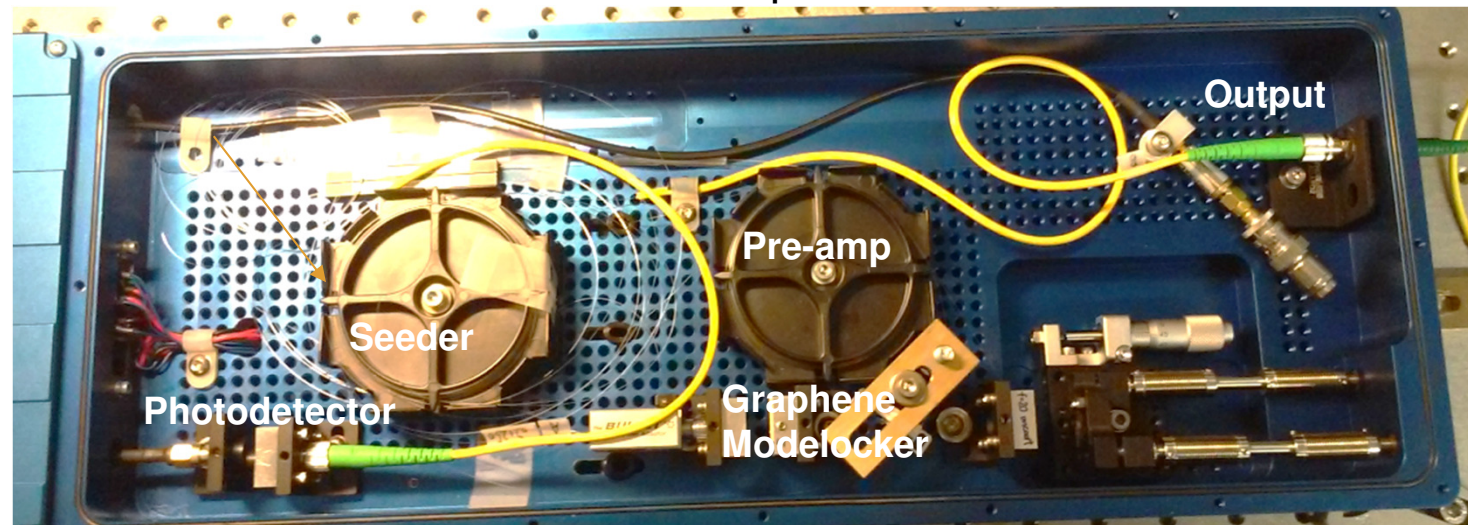


Seed Oscillator and Preamp Experimental Setup

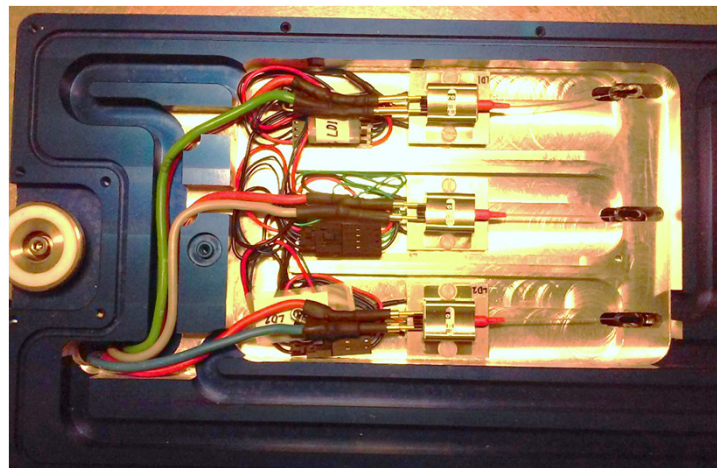


Top Side containing oscillator,
Preamp and AOM

- Rugged industrial Housing
- All fiber components
- Linearly Polarized



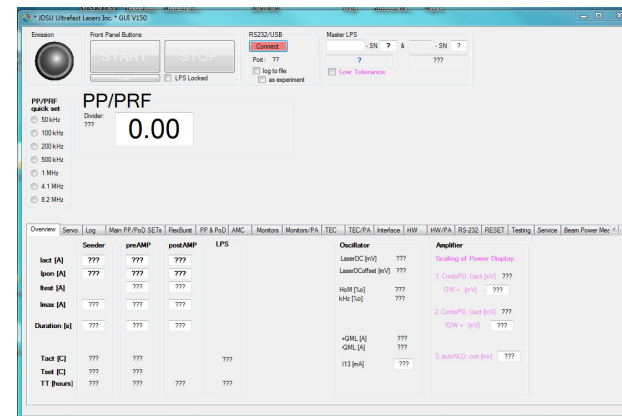
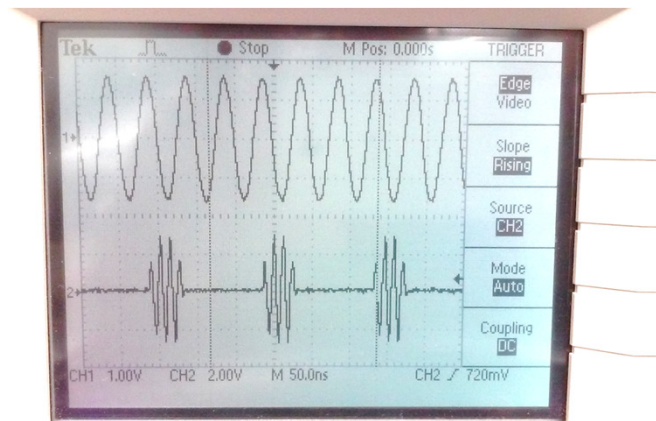
Bottom Side containing
Pump diodes



Industrial Laser Control Unit



- Turnkey industrial grade control unit
- Specifications:
 - 19" Rack mount
 - 3 x TEC/NTC driver 3 A
 - 3 x Laser diode driver 6 A
 - 1 x AOM driver
 - 1 x fast photodiode 2.2 um
 - Average power photo detector(s)
 - Optional water cooling
 - GUI –USB



- 2 microns offer eye-safety, potentially higher pulse energy and average power,
- Better performance with plastics and certain thin-films that absorb better at 2 micron
- Sub-ps seed oscillator is currently being developed beyond the ISLA project, utilizing components from ISLA partners

Outlook:

Due to advantages such as better performance in plastic machining and potentially higher pulse energies, ultrafast fiber lasers at 2 um are an emerging technology with creditable market demand.

Demolaser III – Tm doped Fiber



Tm double clad fiber:

- Nufern PM – TDF – 10/130
- Core: 10 μm
- Cladding 130 μm
- Core NA: 0.15
- Mode field diameter 11.5 μm @ 2.1 μm
- Single mode cutoff wavelength: 1.95 μm
- 793 nm cladding absorption: 4.5 – 5 dB/m
- Dispersion @ 2.1 μm : 45 ps/km nm

